The QSO-morphology connection Is there one? and: do we care?

Or: way too much fame for bulges and mergers?

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+ Katherine Inskip, Matt Mechtley, Liyu Ambachew (MPIA), Mauricio Cisternas (IAC), John Silverman (IPMU) + COSMOS

The role of QSOs.

- AGN feedback?
 - Maintenance (=radio) mode:

 \rightarrow in clusters, ok, elsewhere?

• Quenching (=QSO) mode:

 $\rightarrow \ref{eq: constraints} \rightarrow \ref{eq: constraints} \rightarrow dependency on M, env., z?$



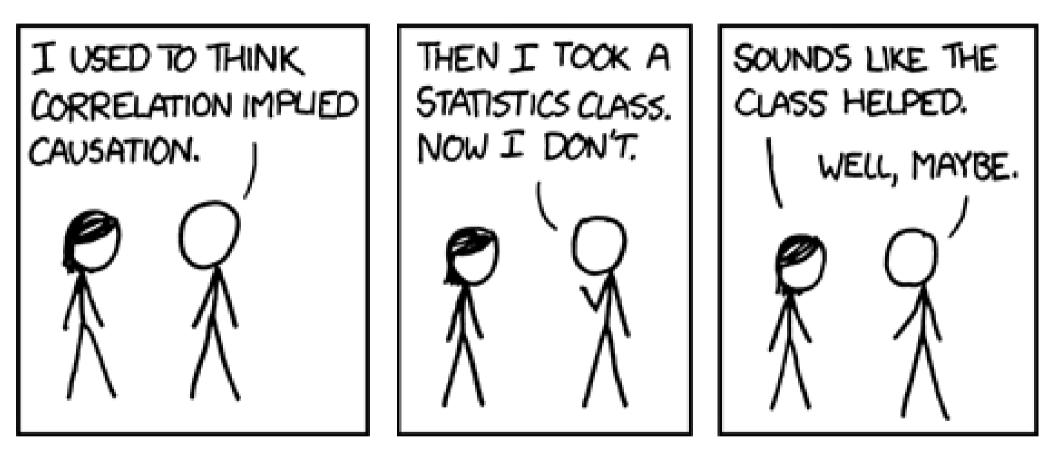
- Conditions for QSO activity?
 - Environment \rightarrow non-cluster
 - Mass
 - Morphology \rightarrow what about bulges?

What are the ...

... properties of AGN (QSO) host galaxies? ... conditions for fueling massive Black Holes?

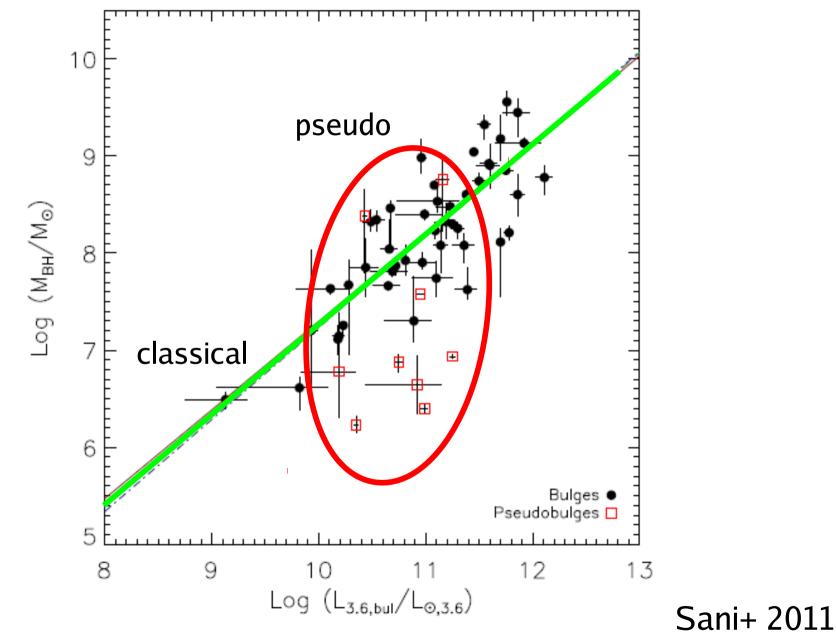


Fundamental pitfall

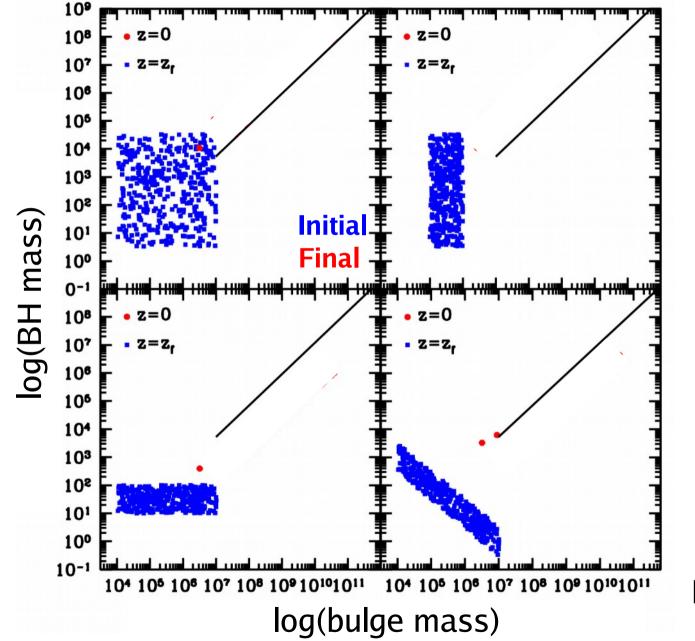


xkcd.com/552



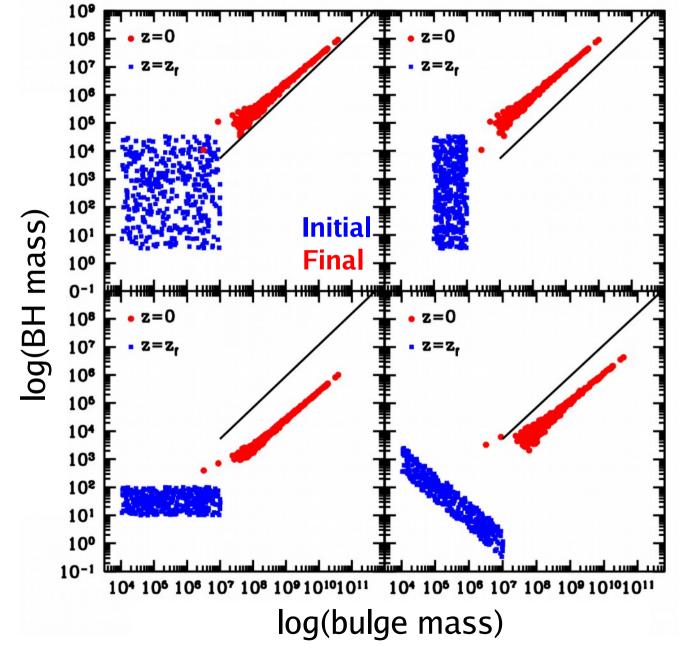


The QSO-morphology connection



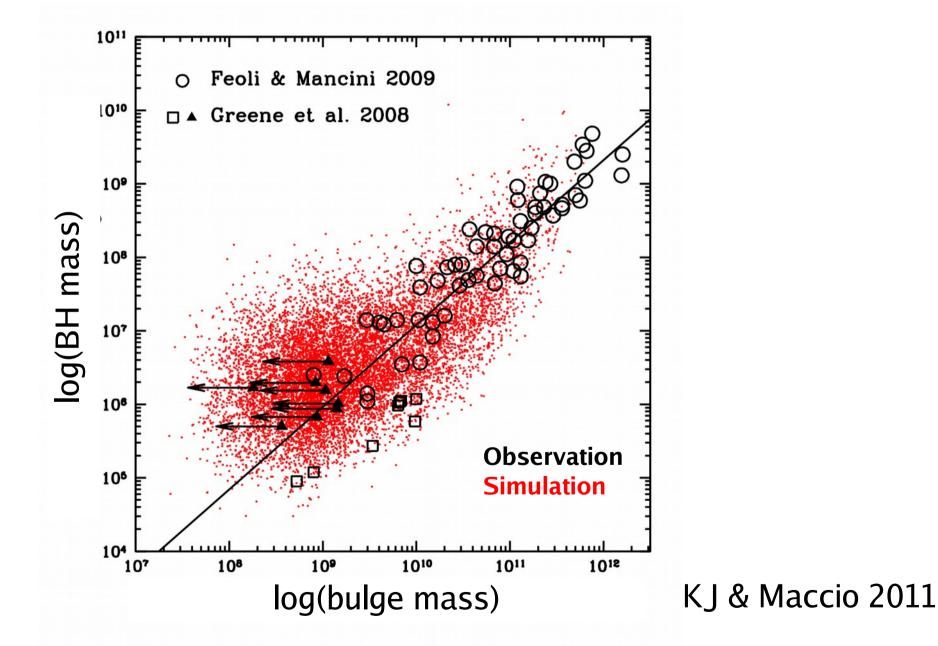
KJ & Maccio 2011 (see Peng 2007)

The QSO-morphology connection



KJ & Maccio 2011 (see Peng 2007)

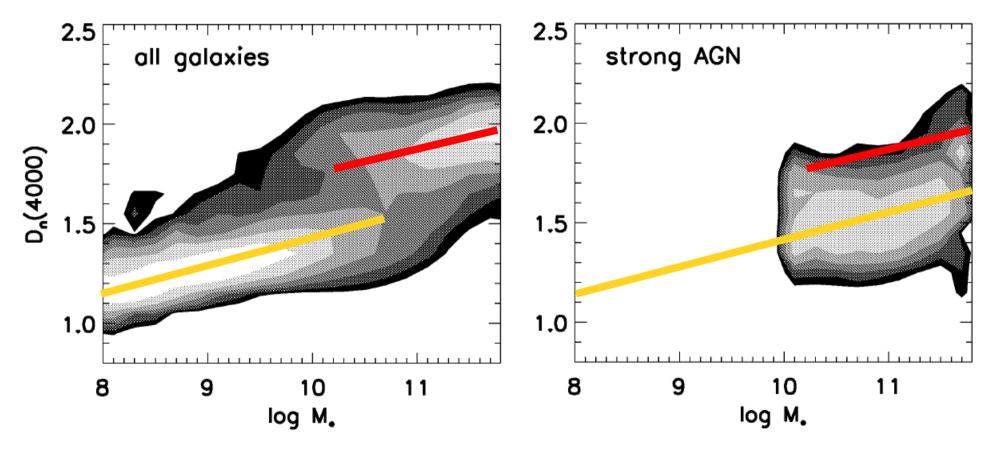
The QSO-morphology connection



- What does this mean?
 - BH scaling relations consequence of LCDM assembly
 - No feedback needed
 - Modification by self-regulation and normalization \rightarrow open
 - Historical misunderstanding: all BH fueling recipes successful
- In Q+Q context: *The bulge is not (necessarily) an active player*

No AGN-starburst relation

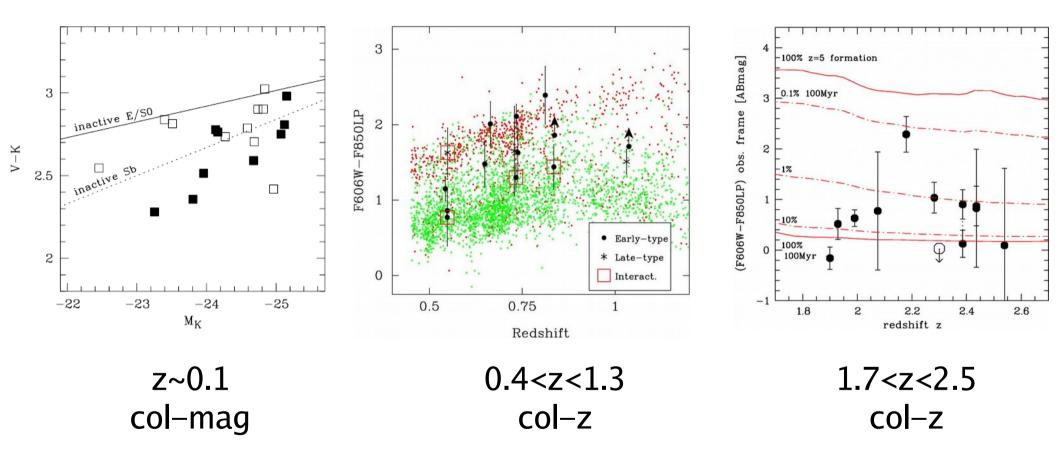
Type 2 AGN, Kauffmann+ 2003



Luminous AGN: same stellar ages as SF galaxies

No AGN-starburst relation

KJ+ 2004a,b; Sanchez, KJ+ 2004



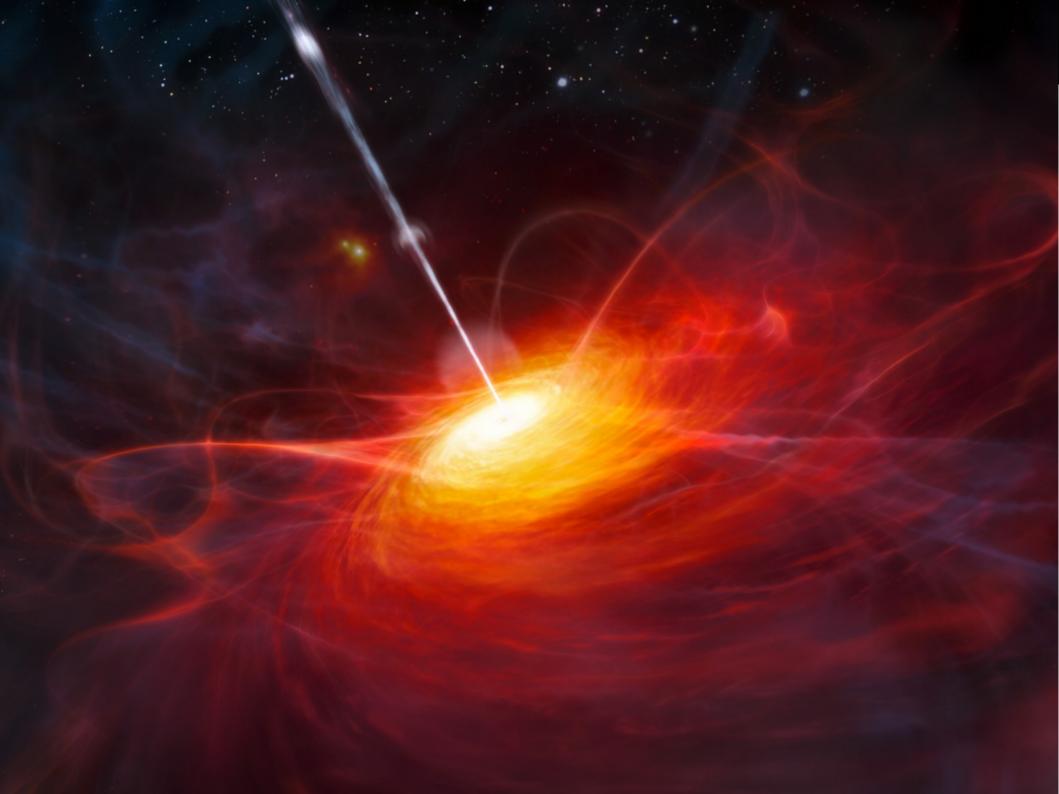
+Herschel (Santini+ 2012):

Luminous AGN are normal SF galaxies, not starbursts

What are the ...

... properties of AGN (QSO) host galaxies? ... conditions for fueling massive Black Holes?



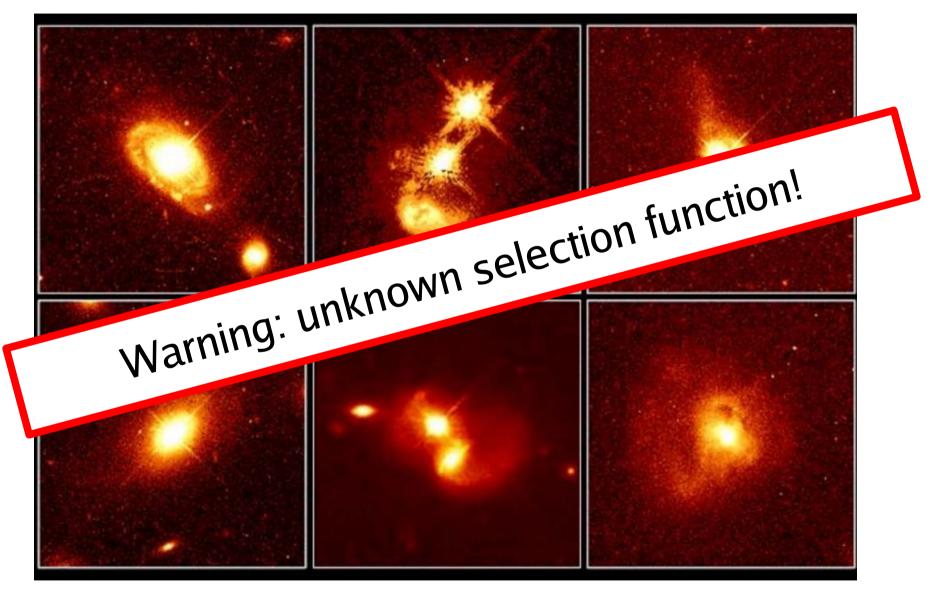




How to feed a monster BH

- Presence of gas \rightarrow see SF
- Need for a "trigger"?
 - Favorite mechanism: major merging
 - SAMs \rightarrow Rachel S.
 - SPH \rightarrow Di Matteo/Phil H./Springel
 - Analytics \rightarrow Andrew K.

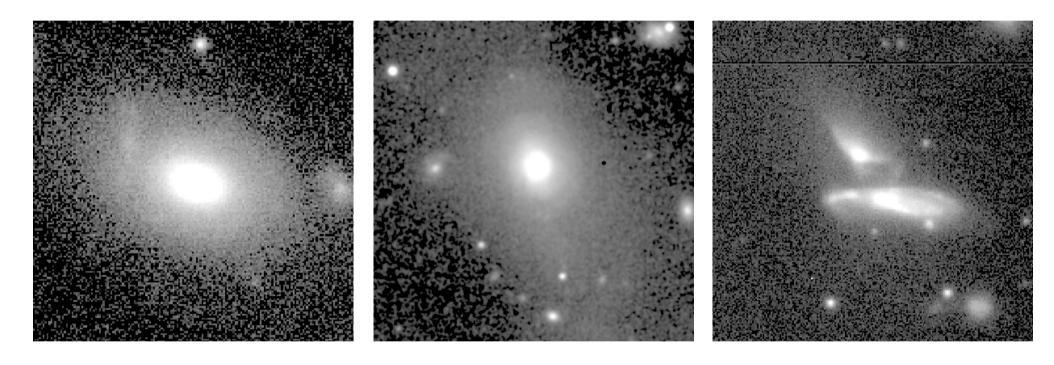




QSO host galaxies, HST: Bahcall+ 1997



Low-z, high mass: P91, VLT/FORS, 0.6", 28 QSOs $\log M_{\rm BH} \sim 9.0$ + 28 comparison galaxies



НЕ 1514–0606, logM_{вн}=8.9

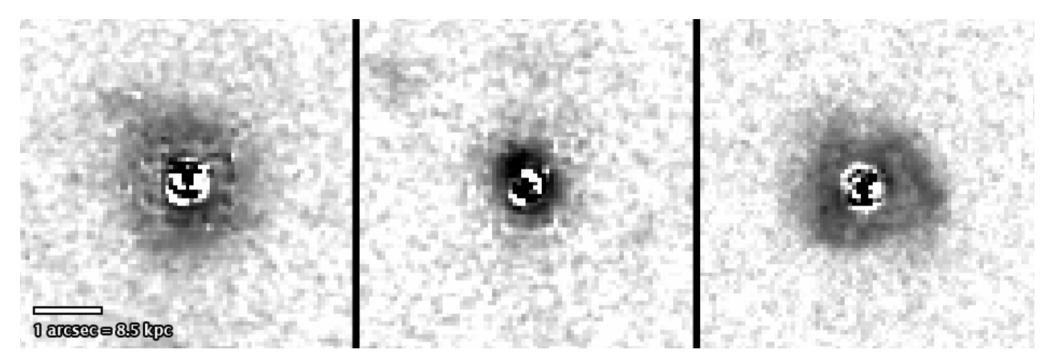
inactive

inactive

Ambachew, KJ+, in prep.



z=2, high mass: HST WFC3/IR, 19 QSOs, logM_{BH}~9.5



QSO

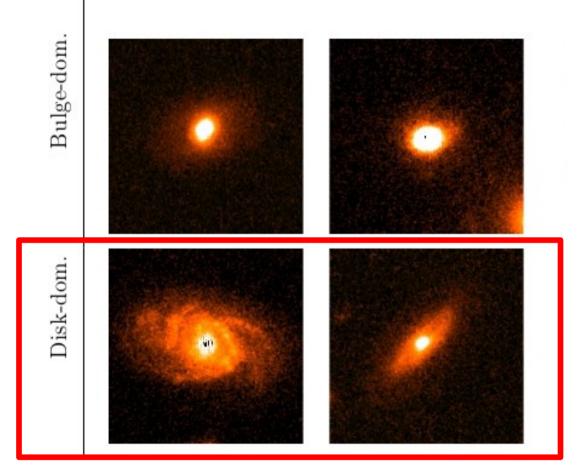


inactive

Mechtley, KJ+, in prep.



AGN host galaxies

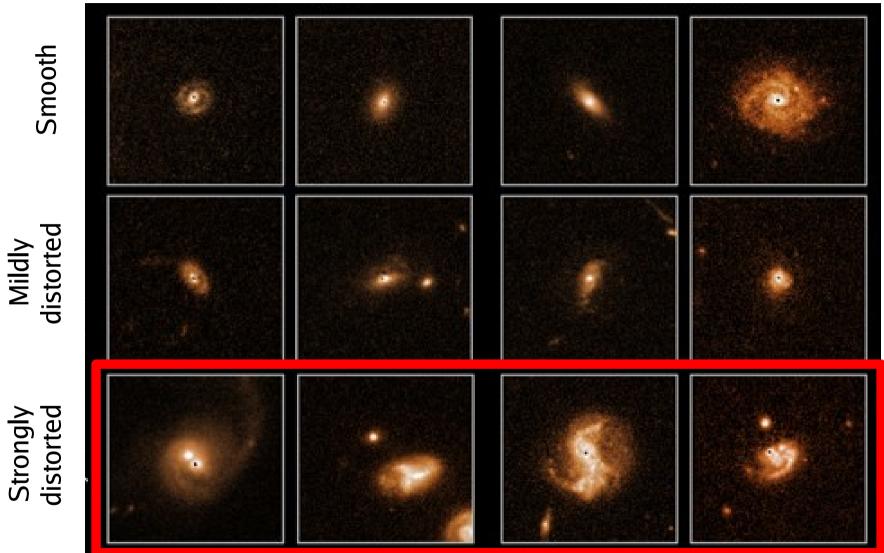


AGN: >50% disks (massive end: open)

COSMOS z<1: Cisternas, KJ+ 2011 (see also Kocevski+ 2012, Schawinski+ 2011/12)

AGN

Inactive galaxies



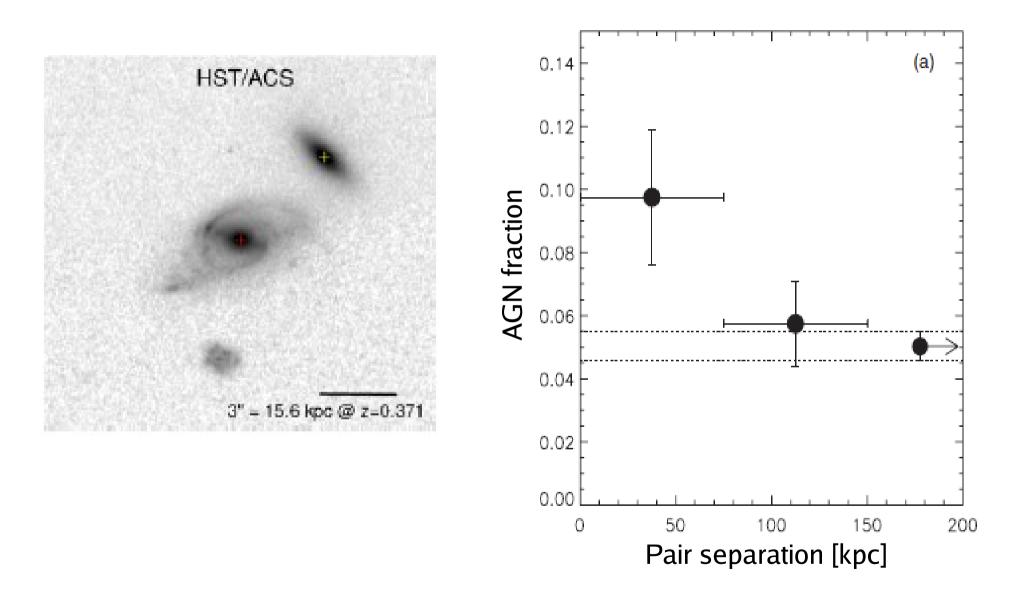
-The QSO-morphology connection

Smooth

Cisternas, KJ+ 2011

- In brief:
 - z<2: many many disk host galaxies
 - z<1: <~25% of BH accretion due to merging
 - $z\sim2$: no merger triggering for lower-L half of BH accretion

- Further diagnostics:
 - Close pairs (Silverman+KJ+ 2011, Ellison+ 2011, Lackner+KJ+ 2014)



COSMOS/HST: Silverman, Kampczyk, KJ+ 2011

- In brief:
 - z<2: many many disk host galaxies
 - z<1: <~25% of BH accretion due to merging
 - $z\sim2$: no merger triggering for lower-L half of BH accretion

\rightarrow Most of BH accretion not triggered by major merging



\rightarrow QSO phase != morphology change phase

 \rightarrow modelers?



For AGN/QSOs...

• ...the bulge is not (necessarily) an active ingredient

 \rightarrow if you still want this, find a first principle reason, please!

• ...host galaxies are normal starforming galaxies

 \rightarrow no AGN-starburst connection; avoid ULIRG-QSO picture

• ...major merging is subdominant for AGN at z < 2

 \rightarrow so why is this still in models?